clarification.

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And one is — I know several times it's been address— I live in Panguitch, by the way, Panguitch, Utah, and I own a business there called Bronco Bobbi's and used to own one of the historic homes that are restored in Panguitch. And I have lived there for 11 years. And I own a historic building presently.

It states in the code rules that the Division consider the impact of hauling coal through Panguitch, Hatch and Alton.

The rules are clear that, in addition to considering the impact of coal mining and reclamation, operation to the permit area, the Division must give equal and full treatment to the adjacent area, the area outside of the permit area where a resource or resources determined according to the context in which adjacent area issues are or reasonably could be expected to be adversely impacted by the proposed coal mine.

And I think you all know the Utah state rules to that, but if you want me to quote those, I will. It's Rule 645-301-411.140. And also economics of the adjacent area is Rule 645-301-411.130.

I know that even the Utah State Historic Preservation Officer and other people have requested from the Division that this be addressed in the C.R.M.P. hunting activities and over 542 million in wildlife-viewing activities.

And that activity continues to increase each and every year, and we see more and more of that around Bryce Canyon.

Also I've heard for years -- I don't hunt, but the people in Alton live in probably one of the prime hunting areas, the Paunsaugunt Plateau. Everyone prays to the hunting gods that they get to draw a permit to hunt here. So I think that needs to be taken into consideration.

I also think we need to look at what happened with Salina Creek and the coal dust and the poisoning of that creek.

What will happen to the Sevier River, Mammoth and Asay Creeks? Will we have that same situation happen there?

Many of us draw off of those waters for our wells, the aquifers from there. Will that poison our water? Will we be in a position where we have to drink bottled water, that we no longer can use the wonderful well water that we enjoy today?

Last year over 30,000 -- 30,000 people came to Bryce Canyon just to see the night skies. How phenomenal are they? They're just absolutely beautiful.

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and in other analysis of this permitting.

And, to date, I don't believe any of that has been done, and that is one of my questions is why? Has this fallen on deaf ears or are we going to have that study done?

The other thing is that several responses were sent to the Division regarding the impact of the coal mine on local economy and businesses in Garfield County.

Panguitch, as you know, recently received the designation of a National Historic District in 2006, and we have -- we continually see visitors come to Panguitch and come along Highway 89 because they no longer want to do the Interstate.

They want to visit the small towns, the small communities, the small roads, see the beauty. And what more beautiful place than Southern Utah? I mean, we're very, very fortunate to get to live here.

Representative Mike Morrell, I don't know if he's here. He made a comment in his — in his memo that — or his e-mail that \$150 million in mineral royalties come to the state.

But I didn't know if he also studied and realized that over \$376 million come in fishing activities -- and we used to, by the way, own Panguitch Anglers and fly-fishing business -- 274 million in

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It's a -- my -- my question, if this mining activity goes for 24 hours a day, and trucks are traversing in and out of Alton every three to five minutes, plus the lights for the mine, what is that going to do to the night skies?

I don't think that -- from what I've read under the C.R.M.P., I don't think adequate studies have been done on that, and I think we need to do more studies on it.

I'm almost finished.

The water situation, the slurry ponds. Right now, we know that Iowa has experienced the second 500-year flood in 75 years. It's a terrible situation.

We have 100-year floods here that seem to come every 10 years. How is that being addressed? How are we going to handle that, once walls of water come down and go into those slurry ponds that are going to go into Kanab Creek and the other creeks, Robinson Creek, and other creeks are going to be impacted and affected by that.

Commissioner Hapshaw figures the Heritage Highway includes logging and mining, which is true. That was a wonderful heritage industry.

But that was before we had national parks.

That's before we had the Europeans and the Asians coming